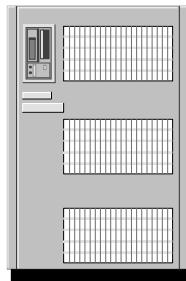


# Create the /etc/exports File

## Examples:

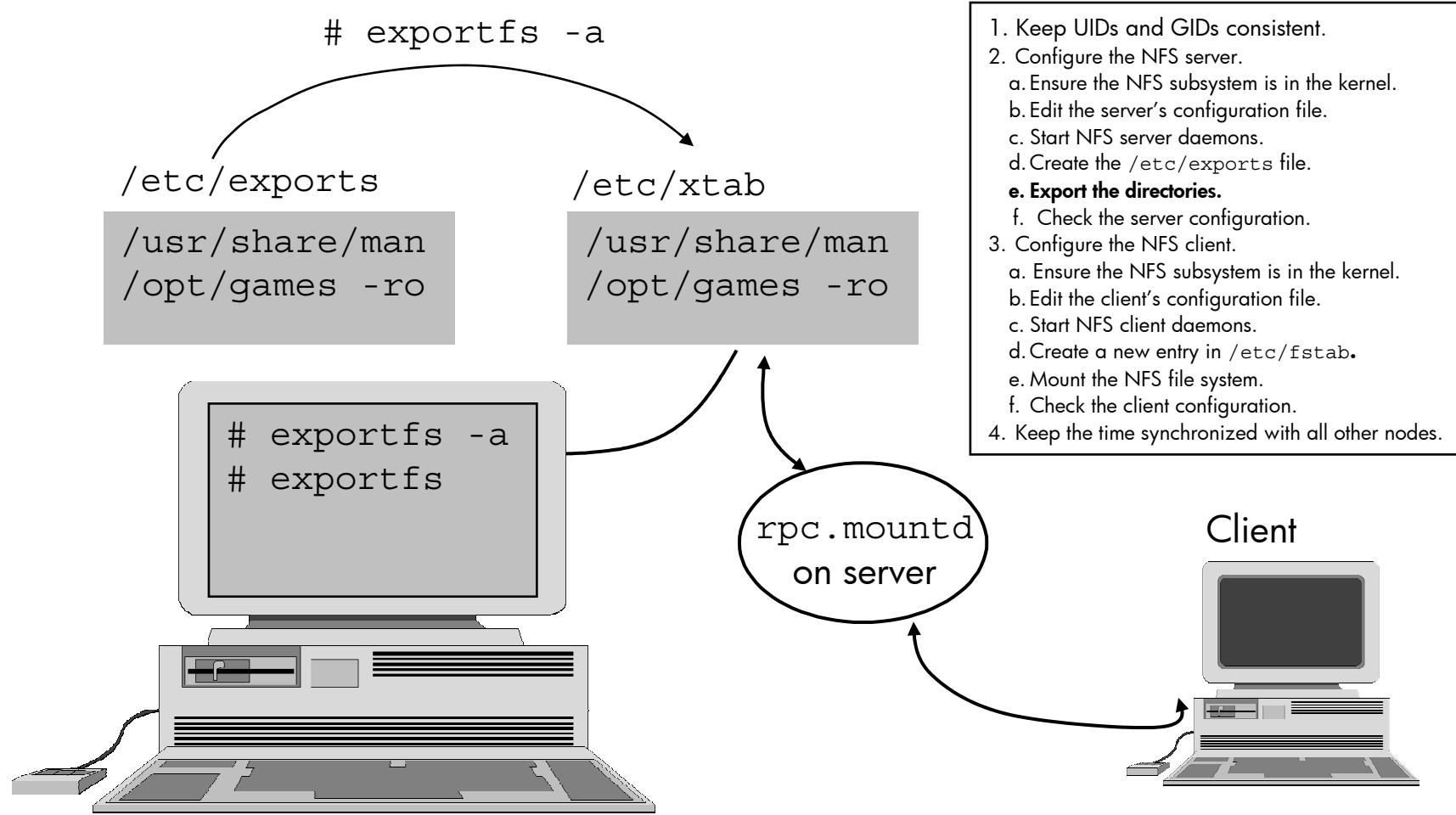
1. /usr/share/man
2. /home -access=oakland:la
3. /opt/games -ro
4. /opt/appl -access=oakland:la, ro
5. /usr/local -rw=oakland
6. /etc/opt/appl -root=oakland, access=la

1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.**
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.



I can use the /etc/exports file to control which clients mount my file systems!

# Export the Directories



# Check the Server Configuration

## ✓ Are the NFS server daemons registered?

```
# rpcinfo -p [server]
    program vers proto      port  service
      100003    2   tcp      2049  nfs
      100003    3   tcp      2049  nfs
```

## ✓ What file systems have been exported to whom?

```
# showmount -e [server]
/usr/share/man (everyone)
/opt/games      (everyone)
```

## ✓ What export options were specified?

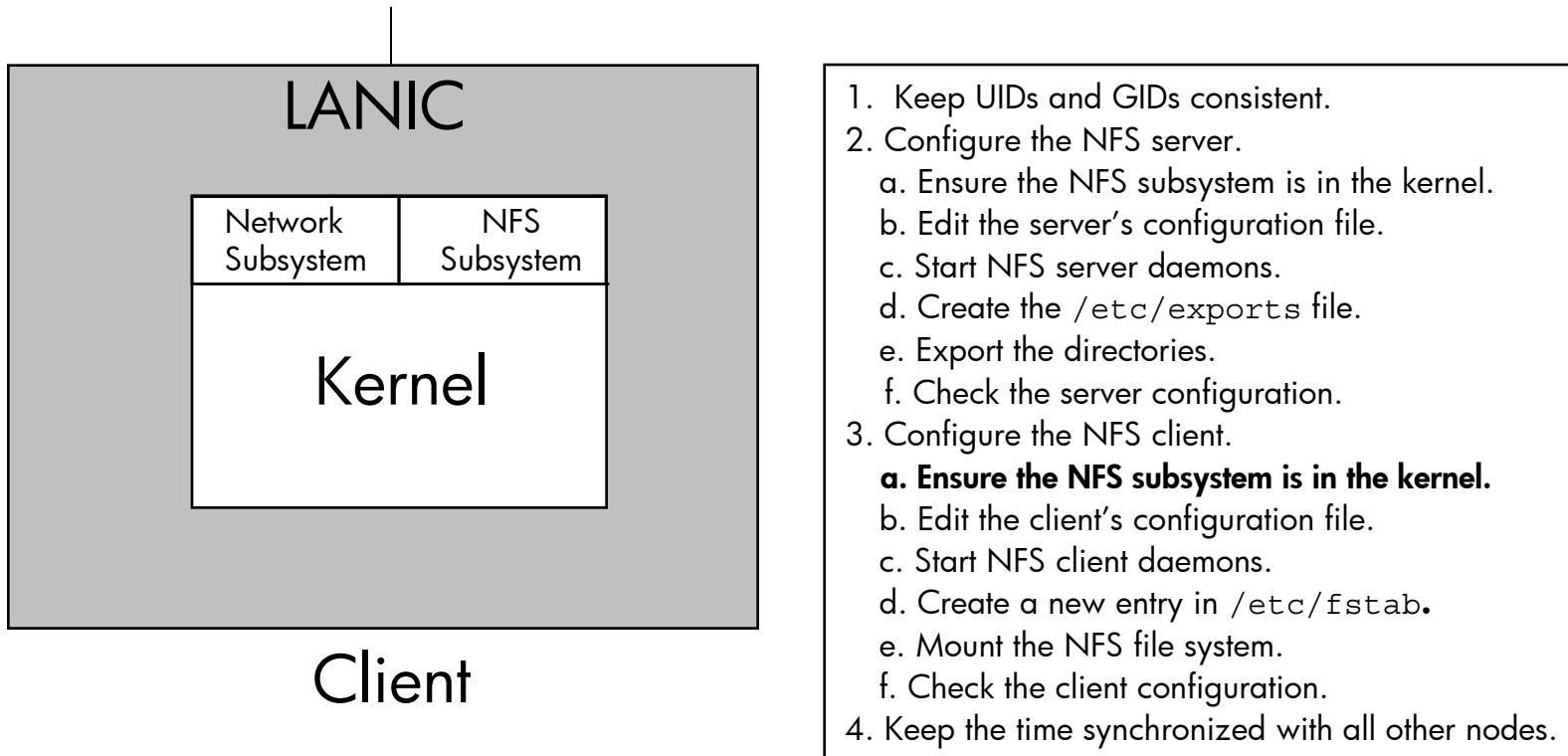
```
# exportfs
/usr/share/man
/opt/games -ro
```

1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. **Check the server configuration.**
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.

## ✓ Which clients currently have file systems mounted from the server?

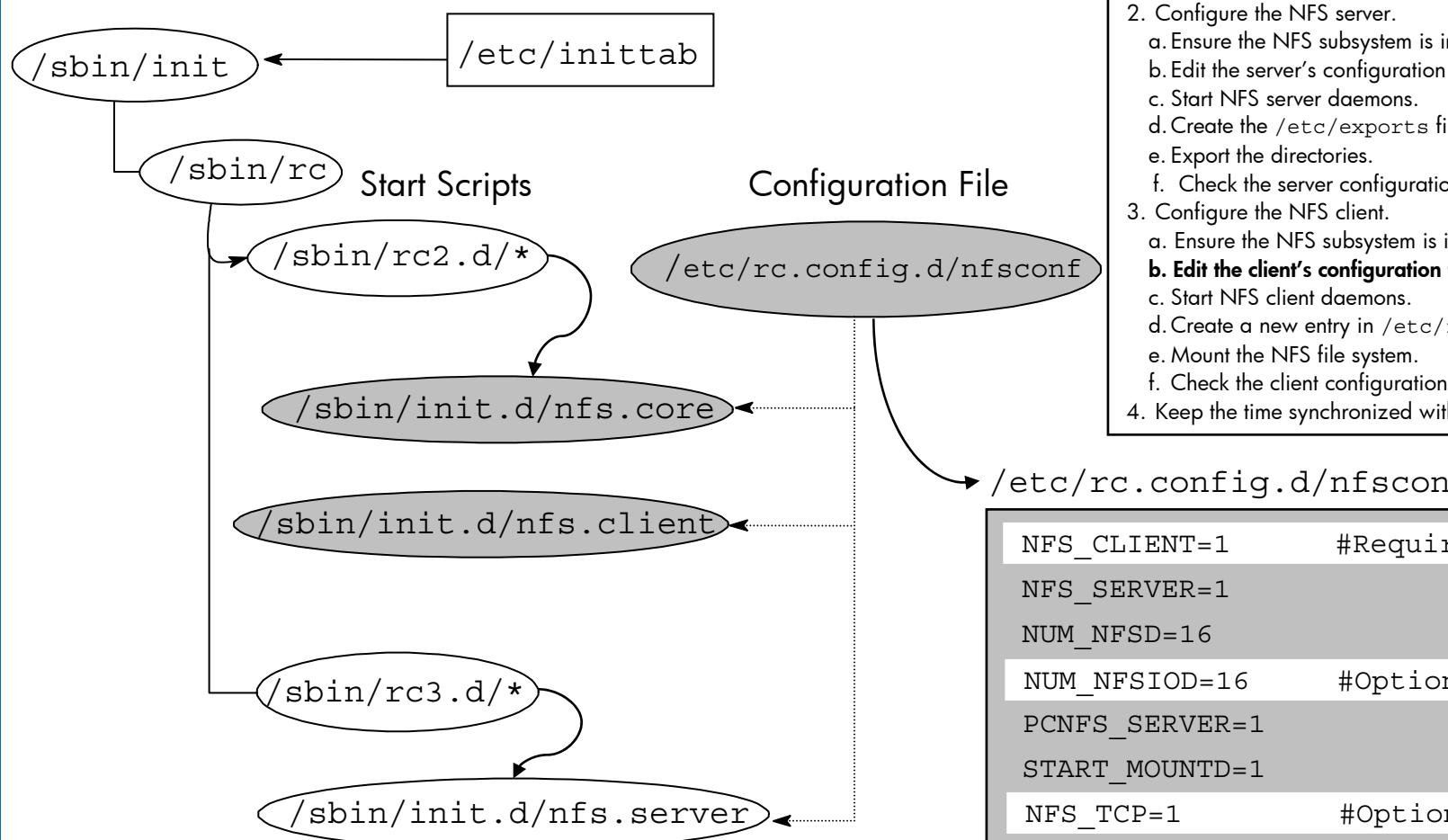
```
# showmount -a [server]
client:/usr/share/man
client:/opt/games
```

# Ensure that the NFS Subsystem is in the Kernel



Verify that the NFS subsystem  
is in the kernel

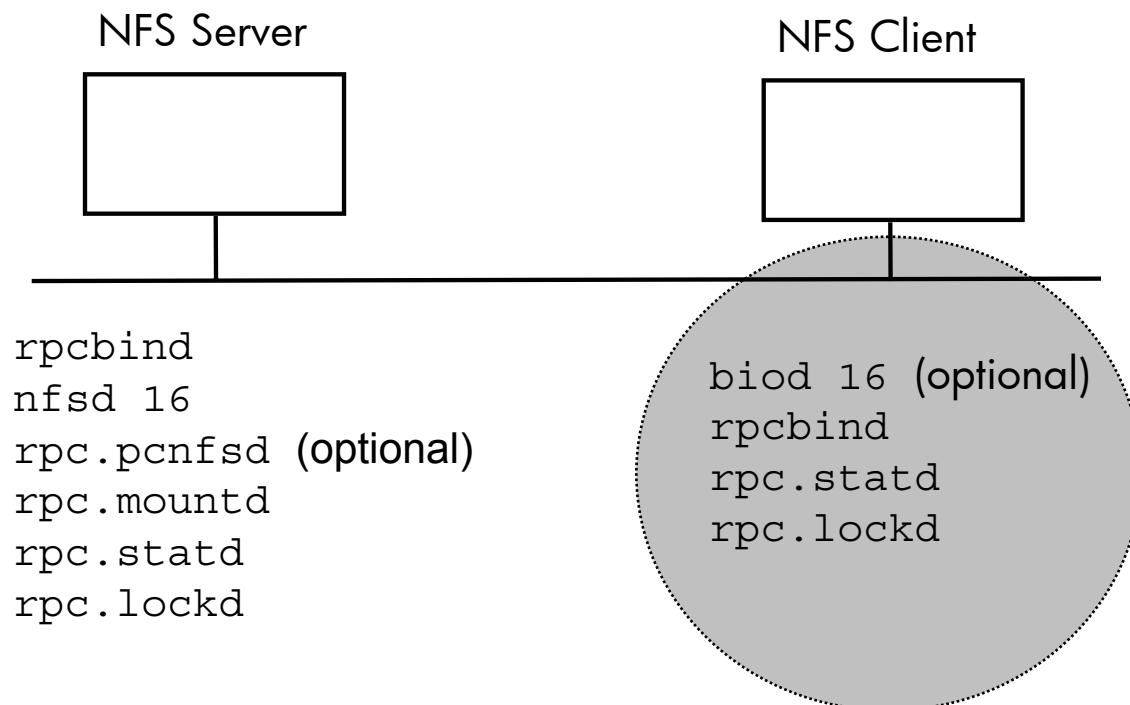
# Edit the Client's Configuration File



1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the `/etc/exports` file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.**
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in `/etc/fstab`.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.

```
NFS_CLIENT=1          #Required!
NFS_SERVER=1
NUM_NFSD=16
NUM_NFSIOD=16        #Optional !
PCNFS_SERVER=1
START_MOUNTD=1
NFS_TCP=1            #Optional !
```

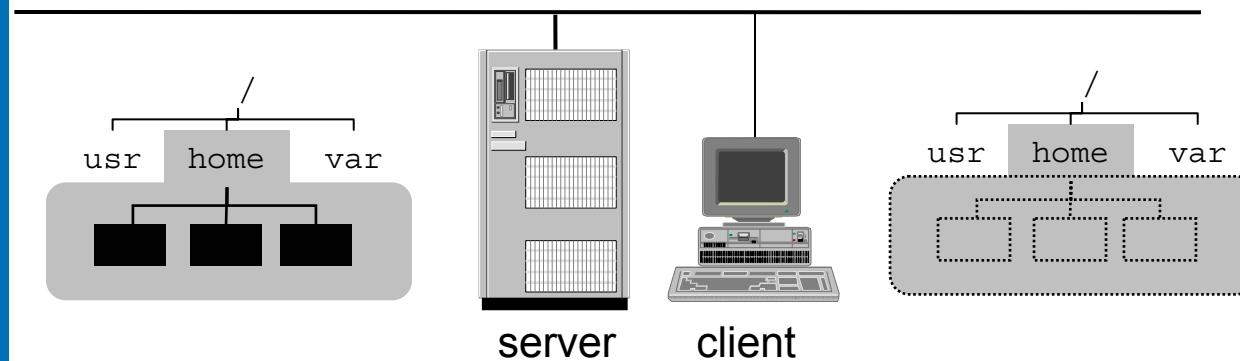
# Start NFS Client Daemons



1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.**
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.

To start the client NFS daemons:  
`/sbin/init.d/nfs.client start`

# Create a New Entry in /etc/fstab

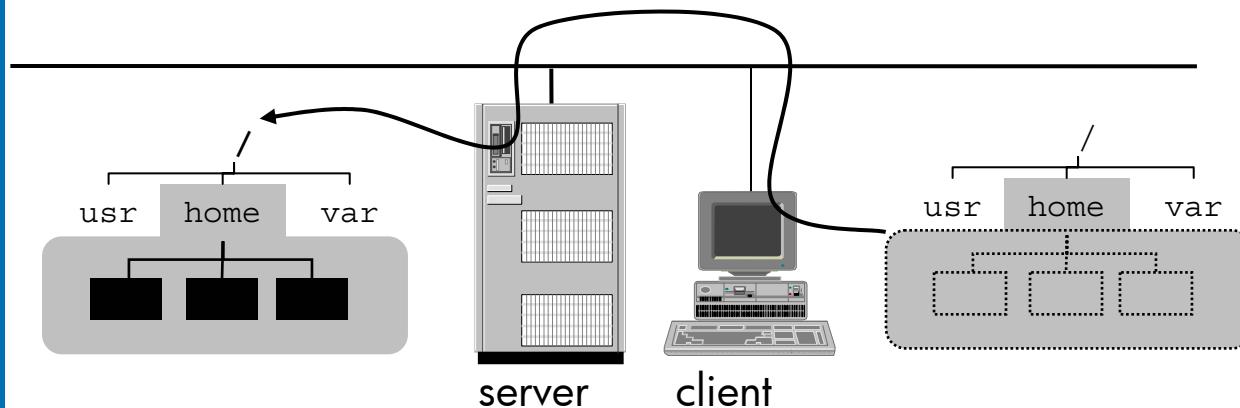


1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.**
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.

client:/etc/fstab

server:/home	/home	nfs	defaults	0	0
Server & Exported File System	Mount Point	File System Type	Mount Options	Backup Frequency	fsck Order

# Mount the NFS File System



1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.**
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.

## Mount Examples

```
# mount server:/home /home
# mount /home
# mount -aF nfs
# mount -a
# mount -v
```

## Umount Examples

```
# umount server:/home
# umount /home
# umount -aF nfs
# umount -a
```

# Check the Client Configuration

## ✓ Are the NFS client daemons running?

```
# ps -e | grep -e rpc -e biod
1000 ? 0:00 biod
1010 ? 0:00 rpcbind
1020 ? 0:00 rpc.lockd
1030 ? 0:00 rpc.statd
```

## ✓ What file systems are available from the server?

```
# showmount -e server
/usr/share/man (everyone)
/opt/games      (everyone)
/home          oakland,la
```

1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.**
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.

## ✓ What file systems do I have mounted?

```
# mount -v
/dev/vg00/lvol1 on /stand type hfs defaults on Sat Jan 1 2004
/dev/vg00/lvol3 on / type vxfs defaults on Sat Jan 1 2004
server:/home on /home type nfs defaults,NFSv3 on Sat Jan 1 2004
```

# Review: Configuring NFS Servers and Clients

1. Keep UIDs and GIDs consistent.
2. Configure the NFS server.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the server's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS server daemons.
  - d. Create the /etc/exports file.
  - e. Export the directories.
  - f. Check the server configuration.
3. Configure the NFS client.
  - a. Ensure the NFS subsystem is in the kernel.
  - b. Edit the client's configuration file.
  - c. Start NFS client daemons.
  - d. Create a new entry in /etc/fstab.
  - e. Mount the NFS file system.
  - f. Check the client configuration.
4. Keep the time synchronized with all other nodes.